Marking Scheme

Strictly Confidential

(For internal and restricted use only)

Senior Secondary School Examination 2025

SUBJECT NAME: COMPUTER SCIENCE SUBJECT CODE: 083 (Set 4 Q.P. CODE 91)

Gen	General Instructions:			
1	You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.			
2	"Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to the public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc. may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC."			
3	Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due marks be awarded to them. In class-X, while evaluating two competency-based questions, please try to understand the given answer and even if the reply is not from the marking scheme but correct competency is enumerated by the candidate, due marks should be awarded.			
4	The Marking Scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers. These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due marks should be awarded accordingly.			
5	The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.			
6	Evaluators will mark(\int) wherever the answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS 'X" be marked. Evaluators will not put right (\checkmark) while evaluating which gives an impression that the answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is the most common mistake which evaluators are committing.			
7	If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.			
8	If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly.			
9	If a student has attempted an extra question, the answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra Question".			

10	No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.	
11	A full scale of marks 70 marks has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.	
12	Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines). This is in view of the reduced syllabus and number of questions in question paper.	
13	 Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:- Leaving the answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book. Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it. Wrong totaling of marks awarded on an answer. Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page. Wrong question wise totaling on the title page. Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page. Wrong grand total. Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same. Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list. Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answers.) Half or a part of the answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded. 	
14	While evaluating the answer books, if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0)Marks.	
15	Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.	
16	The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the "Guidelines for Spot Evaluation" before starting the actual evaluation.	
17	Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.	
18	The candidates are entitled to obtain a photocopy of the Answer Book on request on payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.	

MARKING SCHEME COMPUTER SCIENCE 083

Max. Marks: 70

General Instructions :

- (i) This question paper contains 37 questions.
- (ii) All questions are **compulsory**. However, internal choices have been provided in some questions. Attempt only one of the choices in such questions.
- (iii) The paper is divided into 5 Sections A, B, C, D, E.
- (iv) Section A, consists of 21 questions (1 to 21). Each question carries 1 mark.
- (V) Section B, consists of 7 questions (22 to 28). Each question carries 2 marks.
- (vi) Section C, consists of 3 questions (29 to 31). Each question carries 3 marks.
- (vii) Section D, consists of 4 questions (32 to 35). Each question carries 4 marks.
- (viii) Section E, consists of 2 questions (36 & 37). Each question carries 5 marks.
- (ix) All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only.
- (X) In case of MCQs, text of the correct answer should also be written

Specific Instructions:

- The answers given in the marking scheme are SUGGESTIVE. Examiners are requested to award marks for all alternative correct Solutions/Answers conveying a similar meaning
- All programming questions have to be answered with respect to Python only
- In Python, ignore case sensitivity for identifiers (Variable / Functions / Structures / Class Names)
- In Python indentation is mandatory, however, the number of spaces used for indenting may vary
- In SQL related questions both ways of text/character entries should be acceptable for Example: "AMAR" and 'amar' both are acceptable.
- In SQL related questions all date entries should be acceptable for Example: 'YYYY-MM-DD', 'YY-MM-DD', 'DD-Mon-YY', "DD/MM/YY", 'DD/MM/YY', "MM/DD/YY", 'MM/DD/YY' and {MM/DD/YY} are correct.
- In SQL related questions semicolon should be ignored for terminating the SQL statements
- In SQL related questions ignore case sensitivity
- In SQL output questions ignore the column headers
- In SQL output questions ignore the order of rows until ORDER BY is specified

	SECTION A	(21x1=21)
1.	State True or False:	1
	"A Python List must always contain all its elements of same data type."	
Ans	False	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct answer)	

2.	What will be the output of the following statement? print (14%3**2*4)	1
	(A) 16 (B) 64	
	(C) 20 (D) 256	
Ans	(C) 20	+
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
3.	Identify the correct output of the following code snippet:	1
	<pre>game="Olympic2024" print(game.index("C"))</pre>	
	(A) 0 (B) 6	
	(C) -1 (D) ValueError	
Ans	(D) ValueError	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
4.	Which of the following is the correct identifier?	1
	(A) global (B) Break	
	(C) def (D) with	
Ans	(B) Break	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
5.	Identify the invalid Python statement out of the following options:	1
	(A) print("A",10,end="*") (B) print("A",sep="*",10)	
	(C) print("A",10, sep="*") (D) print("A"*10)	
Ans	(B) print("A", sep="*", 10)	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
6.	Consider the statements given below and then choose the correct output from the given options: L=['TIC', 'TAC'] print(L[::-1])	1
	(A) ['CIT', 'CAT'] (B) ['TIC', 'TAC']	
	(C) ['CAT', 'CIT'] (D) ['TAC', 'TIC']	
Ans	(D) ['TAC', 'TIC']	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
7.	Which of the following operator evaluates to $True$ if the variable on either side of the operator points towards the same memory location and $False$ otherwise?	
	(A) is (B) is not	
	(C) and (D) or	

Ans	(A) is	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
8.	<pre>Consider the statements given below and then choose the correct output from the given options: D={'S01':95, 'S02':96 } for I in D: print(I,end='#')</pre>	1
	(A) S01#S02# (B) 95#96#	
	(C) S01,95#S02,96# (D) S01#95#S02#96#	
Ans	(A) s01#s02#	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
9.	While creating a table, which constraint does not allow insertion of duplicate values in the table ?	1
	(A) UNIQUE (B) DISTINCT	
	(C) NOT NULL (D) HAVING	
Ans	(A) UNIQUE	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
10.	<pre>Consider the statements given below and then choose the correct output from the given options: def Change(N): N=N+10 print(N,end='\$\$') N=15 Change(N) print(N)</pre>	1
	(A) 25\$\$15 (B) 15\$\$25	
	(C) 25\$\$25 (D 2525\$\$)	
Ans	(A) 25\$\$15	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	

11.	the g N=' try exc	iven options: 5 '	d='#')	then choose the correct output from	1
	(A)	ERROR#	(B)	WORD5#OVER	
	(C)	WORD5#	(D)	ERROR#OVER	
Ans	(B) W C	RD5#OVER			
	(1 Ma	ark for writing the correct	t option)		
12.	Whicl	h of the following built-in f	unction/n	nethod returns a dictionary ?	1
	(A)	dict()	(B)	keys()	
	(C)	values()	(D)	items()	
Ans	(A) di				
	(1 Ma	rk for writing the correct	option)		
13.	Whicl	h of the following is a DML o	command	in SQL ?	1
	(A)	UPDATE	(B)	CREATE	
	(C)	ALTER	(D)	DROP	
Ans	(A) UP	DATE			
	(1 Ma	ark for writing the correct	t option)		
14.	1	h aggregate function in SQ nn ignoring the NULL values	• •	the number of values in the specified	1
	(A)	len()	(B)	count()	
	(C)	number()	(D)	num()	
Ans	(B) co	ount()			
	(1 Ma	ark for writing the correct	t option)		
15.	In MY	SQL, which type of value sh	nould not	be enclosed within quotation marks ?	1
	(A)	DATE	(B)	VARCHAR	
	(C)	FLOAT	(D)	CHAR	
Ans	(C) F	LOAT			
	(1 Ma	ark for writing the correct	t option)		

16.	State True or False :	1
	If table A has 6 rows and 3 columns, and table B has 5 rows and 2 columns, the	
	Cartesian product of A and B will have 30 rows and 5 columns.	
Ans	True	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct answer)	
17.	Which of the following networking devices is used to regenerate and transmit the weakened signal ahead?	1
	(A) Hub (B) Ethernet Card	
	(C) Repeater (D) Modem	
Ans	(C) Repeater	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
18.	Which of the following options is the correct protocol used for phone calls over the Internet?	1
	(A) PPP (B) FTP	
	(C) HTTP (D) VOIP	
Ans	(D) VoIP	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
19.	Expand ARPANET.	1
Ans	Advanced Research Projects Agency Network	
	(Full 1 Mark for writing the the correct full form) OR (½ Mark for writing any two correct expanded terms)	
	Q.Nos. 20 and 21 are Assertion (A) and Reason (R) based questions. Mark the correct choice as	
	(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation for Assertion (A).	
	(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation for Assertion (A).	
	(C) Assertion (A) is true but, Reason (R) is false. (D) Assertion (A) is false but, Reason (R) is true.	
20.	Assertion (A): For a binary file opened using 'rb' mode, the pickle.dump()	1
	method will display an error.	
	Reason (R): The pickle.dump() method is used to read from a binary file.	
Ans	(C) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	
21.	Assertion (A) : We can retrieve records from more than one table in MYSQL.	1
	Reason (R) : Foreign key is used to establish a relationship between two tables.	

Ans	(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct	
	explanation for Assertion (A).	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct option)	

	SECTION B (7	7x2=14)
22.	What does the return statement do in a function ? Explain with the help of an example.	2
Ans	The return statement in Python is used to exit a function and return a value to the caller. Example : def Add(A, B): return A+B Result=Add(5,3) print(Result)	
	Output: 8	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct explanation) (1 Mark for writing the correct example) OR (Full 2 Marks for correct explanation with the help of a suitable example)	
23.	Write one example of each of the following in Python : (i) Syntax Error (ii) Implicit Type conversion	2
Ans	<pre>(i) Syntax Error print(2 ; 5) (ii) Implicit Type conversion x=10 y=20.5 print(x+y)</pre>	
	 Note: The above examples are just suggestive. Accept all correct examples 	
24.	<pre>(1 Mark for writing each correct example) Consider the following dictionaries, D and D1 : D={"Suman": 40, "Raj":55, "Raman":60} D1={"Aditi":30, "Amit":90, "Raj":20} (Answer using built-in Python functions only)</pre>	2
	 (i) (a) Write a statement to display/return the value corresponding to the key "Raj" in the dictionary D. OR 	
	 (b) Write a statement to display the length of the dictionary D1. (ii) (a) Write a statement to append all the key-value pairs of the dictionary D to the dictionary D1. 	

	OR					
	(b) Write a statement to delete the item with the given key "Amit"					
	from the dictionary D1.					
Ans						
	(i) (a) D.get("Raj") # OR D["Raj"] may also be considered					
	OR					
	(b) len(D1) # OR len(D1.items())					
	<pre># OR len(D1.keys())</pre>					
	<pre># OR len(D1.values())</pre>					
	(ii) (a) D1.update(D)					
	OR					
	(b) D1.pop("Amit") # OR del D1["Amit"]					
	<pre># may also be considered</pre>					
	(i) (1 Mark for writing the correct statement)					
	(ii) (1 Mark for writing the correct statement)					
25.	What possible output from the given options is expected to be displayed when	2				
	the following code is executed?					
	import random					
	Cards=["Heart","Spade","Club","Diamond"]					
	for i in range(2):					
	<pre>print(Cards[random.randint(1,i+2)],end="#")</pre>					
	(A) Spade#Diamond# (B) Spade#Heart#					
	(C) Diamond#Club# (D) Heart#Spade#					
Ans	(A)Spade#Diamond#					
	(2 Marks for writing the correct option)					
26.	The code given below accepts N as an integer argument and returns the sum of	2				
	all integers from 1 to N. Observe the following code carefully and rewrite it after					
	removing all syntax and logical errors. Underline all the corrections made.					
	def Sum(N)					
	for I in range(N):					
	S=S+I return S					
	print(Sum(10)					
Ans	def Sum(N):					
	<u>S=N</u>					
	for I in range(N):					
	S=S+I					
	return S					
	print(Sum(10))					
	OR					

	def Sum(N):	1
	$\frac{S=0}{S=0}$	
	for I in range(<u>1,N+1</u>): # OR for I in range(N+1):	
	S=S+I	
	return S	
	print(Sum(10))	
	(Full 2 Marks for writing all required corrections)	
	OR	
	($\frac{1}{2}$ Mark for writing the : after def Sum(N))	
	(1/2 Mark for correctly initialising S)	
	(1/2 Mark for calculating the correct/required sum S)	
	(1/2 Mark for writing the ')' at the end of print(Sum(10))	
	OR	
	(1 Mark for only identification of all/any three errors without correction)	
27.	Nisha is assigned the task of maintaining the staff data of an organization. She	2
	has to store the details of the staff in the SQL table named EMPLOYEES with	
	attributes as EMPNO, NAME, DEPARTMENT, BASICSAL to store Employee's	
	Identification Number, Name, Department and Basic Salary respectively. There	
	can be two or more Employees with the same name in the organization.	
	(i)	
	(a) Help Nisha to identify the attribute which should be designated as the	
	PRIMARY KEY. Justify your anwer.	
	OR	
	(b) Help Nisha to identify the constraint which should be applied to the	
	attribute NAME such that the Employees' Names cannot be left empty or	
	NULL while entering the records but can have duplicate values.	
Ans	(i)	
	(a) EMPNO	
	(i) Employee's Identification Number always contains unique and not	
	null values.	
	(ii) Other attributes may have duplicate values (assuming 2 or more	
	employees may have same Name, Department or Basic Salary) and	
	an attribute with possible duplicate values can not be considered	
	as the Primary Key.	
	(Any one valid justification)	
	OR	
	(b) NOT NULL	
	(i) (a)	
	(1/2 Mark for suggesting the correct attribute for PRIMARY KEY)	
	(½ Mark for any one valid justification)	

	OR	
	(i) (b)	
	(1 Mark for writing the correct constraint for attribute NAME)	
	(ii)	
	(a) Write the SQL command to change the size of the attribute BASICSAL in	
	the table EMPLOYEES to allow the maximum value of 99999.99 to be	
	stored in it.	
	OR	
	(b) Write the SQL command to delete the table EMPLOYEES	
Ans	(ii)	
	(a) ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES	
	MODIFY COLUMN BASICSAL FLOAT(7,2);	
	# OR DECIMAL(7,2)	
	OR	
	(b) DROP TABLE EMPLOYEES;	
	(a) (1/2 Mark for writing Alter TABLE EMPLOYEES)	
	(1/2 Mark for correctly writing remaining part of the command)	
	OR	
	(b) (1 Mark for writing DROP TABLE EMPLOYEES correctly)	
	OR	
	(1/2 Mark for writing DROP TABLE only)	
28.	(a) Expand and explain the term URL.	2
	OR	
	(b) Expand the term PPP. What is the use of PPP ?	
Ans	(a) URL (Uniform Resource Locator) : It is the unique address of any resource	
	on the Internet.	
	OR	
	(b) PPP (Point to Point Protocol) : This protocol is used to establish a dedicated	
	and direct connection between two communicating devices.	
	(a) (1 Mark for writing correct explanation)	
	(1 Mark for writing correct expansion)	
	OR	
	(½ Mark for writing any two words of correct expansion) OR	
	(b) (1 Mark for writing correct expansion)	
	(1 Mark for writing correct use)	
	OR	
	(1/2 Mark for writing any two words of correct expansion)	

	SECTION C	(3x3=9)
29.	(a) Write a Python function that displays all the lines containing the word 'vote' from a text file "Elections.txt". For example, if the file contains:	
	In an election many people vote to choose their representative.	
	The candidate getting the maximum share of votes stands elected.	
	Normally, one person has to vote once.	
	The process of voting may vary with time and region.	
	Then the output should be :	
	In an election many people vote to choose their representative.	
	Normally, one person has to vote once.	
Ans	def PrintVote():	
	F=open("Elections.txt")	
	Lines=F.readlines()	
	for Line in Lines:	
	L=Line.split()	
	if "vote" in L:	
	print(Line)	
	F.close()	
	OR	
	def PrintVote():	
	<pre>with open("Elections.txt") as F: Lines=F.readlines()</pre>	
	for Line in Lines:	
	L=Line.split()	
	if "vote" in L:	
	print(Line)	
	OR	
	<pre>def PrintVote():</pre>	
	F=open("Elections.txt")	
	while True:	
	Line=F.readline() if Line!="":	
	if "vote" in Line.split():	
	print(Line)	
	else:	
	break	
	F.close()	
	OR	
	Any other equivalent correct code	
	(½ Mark for opening the file in default/correct mode)	
	(1/2 Mark for correct reading & iteration)	
	($\frac{1}{2}$ Mark for correct logic of extracting the word 'vote')	
	(1 Mark for correct condition)	
	(½ Mark for displaying line)	
	OR	

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	(ii)	<pre>pop_Clr(ClrStack): This function pops the topmost record from the stack and returns it. If the stack is already empty, the function should display the message "Underflow".</pre>	
	(iii)	isEmpty(ClrStack): This function checks whether the stack is empty. If the stack is empty, the function should return True , otherwise the function should return False .	
A 19 0			
Ans			
	(i)	<pre>def push_Clr(ClrStack, new_Clr): ClrStack.append(new_Clr)</pre>	
	(ii)	<pre>def pop_Clr(ClrStack): if len(ClrStack) == 0: # OR if not ClrStack: # OR if ClrStack == []: print("Underflow") else: return(ClrStack.pop())</pre>	
	(iii)	<pre>def isEmpty(ClrStack): if len(ClrStack) == 0: # OR if not ClrStack: # OR if ClrStack == []: return True else: return False</pre>	
	(ii) (½ Mark fo	r correct definition of push_Clr(ClrStack, new_Clr)) or correctly checking and displaying "Underflow") or correctly popping and returning popped tuple/data)	
	(1/2 Mark fo	or correctly checking whether the Stack is Empty or not) or correctly returning/printing the required values)	
		OR	
	(b) Write	the following user-defined functions in Python :	
	(i)	<pre>push_trail(N,myStack): Here N and myStack are lists, and myStack represents a stack. The function should push the last 5 elements from the list N onto the stack myStack. For example, if the list N is [1,2,3,4,5,6,7], then the function push_trail() should push the elements 3,4,5,6,7 onto the stack. Therefore the value of stack will be [3,4,5,6,7].</pre>	

	(ii	the stack myStack, and return this element. If the stack is empty, then the function should display the message 'Stack Underflow', and return None.	
		Stack'.	
Ans	(b)		
	(i) def push_trail(N,myStack): for i in range(-5,0,1): # Any other correct loop myStack.append(N[i])	
	(ii	<pre>i) def pop_one(myStack): if not myStack: #OR if myStack==[]:</pre>	
	(ii	<pre>i) def display_all(myStack): if not myStack: #OR if myStack==[]:</pre>	
	(ii) (¹ / ₂ (¹ / ₂ (iii) (¹ / ₂	Mark for correct definition of push_trail (N,myStack)) Mark for correctly checking and displaying "Stack Underflow") Mark for correctly popping and returning last element) Mark correctly checking Empty condition) Mark correctly displaying content till the last value in the stack)	
31.	def r	<pre>edict the output of the following code : E ExamOn (mystr) : newstr = "" count = 0 for i in mystr: if count%2 != 0: newstr = newstr + str(count-1) else: newstr = newstr + i.lower() count += 1</pre>	3

	<pre>newstr = newstr + mystr[:2]</pre>	1
	print("The new string is:", newstr)	
	ExamOn ("GenX")	
Ans	The new string is: g0n2Ge	
	(1/2 Mark for each correct letter/digit in the right order)	
	Note:	
	(2½ Marks only to be awarded, if all the parts of g0n2Ge is written	
	correctly without the text 'The new string is:')	
	OR	
	(b) Write the output on execution of the following Python code:	
	def Change(X):	
	<pre>for K,V in X.items():</pre>	
	L1.append(K)	
	L2.append(V)	
	D={1:"ONE",2:"TWO",3:"THREE"}	
	L2=[] Change (D)	
	print(L1)	
	print(L2)	
	print(D)	
Ans	Note: Considering two lines after the for loop indented	
	[1, 2, 3]	
	['ONE', 'TWO', 'THREE']	
	{1: 'ONE', 2: 'TWO', 3: 'THREE'}	
	OR	
	Note: Considering only first line after the for loop to be indented	
	[1, 2, 3]	
	['THREE']	
	{1: 'ONE', 2: 'TWO', 3: 'THREE'}	
	(1 Mark for writing each correct line of output)	
	OR	
	(Full 3 Marks for writing indentation error)	

	SECTION D	(4x4=16)
32.	Suman has created a table named WORKER with a set of records to maintain the data of the construction sites, which consists of WID , WNAME , WAGE , HOURS , TYPE , and SITEID . After creating the table, she entered data in it, which is as follows :	,

	WID	WNAME	WAGE	HOURS	TYPE	SITEID	
	W01	Ahmed J	1500	200	Unskilled	103	
	W11	Naveen S	520	100	Skilled	101	
	W02	Jacob B	780	95	Unskilled	101	
	W15	Nihal K	560	110	Semiskilled	NULL	
	W10	Anju S	1200	130	Skilled	103	
	(a) Base	d on the data	given above,	answer the fo	llowing questions	:	
	. ,	e the SQL state vages are betw	•	•	and wages of tho	se workers	
Ans	WHERE OR SELECT	WNAME, WAG WAGE BETWEE WNAME, WAG WAGE>=800 A	en 800 and Ge from Wol	1500; RKER			
	(1/2 Mark for correctly writing SELECT WNAME, WAGE FROM WORKER) (1/2 Mark for correctly writing WHERE WAGE BETWEEN 800 AND 1500)						
	(ii) Write the SQL statement to display the record of workers whose SITEID is not known.						
Ans	SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE SITEID IS NULL;						
	(1/2 Mark for correctly writing SELECT * FROM WORKER or Equivalent) (1/2 Mark for correctly writing WHERE SITEID IS NULL)						
	(iii) Write the SQL statement to display WNAME , WAGE and HOURS of all those workers whose TYPE is 'Skilled'.						
Ans	SELECT WNAME, WAGE, HOURS FROM WORKER WHERE TYPE="Skilled";						
	(1/2 Mark for writing SELECT WNAME, WAGE, HOURS FROM WORKER) (1/2 Mark for writing WHERE TYPE = "Skilled")						
	. ,	e the SQL sta E is "Semiskille		ange the wa G	E to 1200 of the	workers where	
Ans	UPDATE WORKER SET WAGE=1200 WHERE TYPE="Semiskilled";						

	(½ Mark for writ	ING UPDATE WORKE	ER SET WAGE=1200)	
		•	= "Semiskilled")	
		0	R	
	(b) Considering th	_	WORKER , write the output on	
		ne following SQL co		
		E, WAGE*HOURS F		
	WHERE SITEL			
Ans				
	WNAME	WAGE*HOURS		
	Ahmed J	300000		
	Anju S	156000		
	(1 Mark for writin	g correct output)		
	(ii) SELECT COUN	T (DISTINCT TYP	E) FROM WORKER ;	
Ans				
	COUNT (DIST	INCT TYPE)		
	3			
	(1 Mark for writin	g correct output)		
	(iii) SELECT MAX	(WAGE), MIN(WAG	E), TYPE FROM WORKER	
	GROUP BY T			
Ans	MAX (WAGE)	MIN (WAGE)	TYPE	
	1500	780	Unskilled	
	1200	520	Skilled	
	560	560	Semiskilled	
	(1 Mark for writin	g correct output)		
	(iv) Select wnan Order by h		WORKER WHERE TYPE="Unskilled"	
Ans				
	WNAME	SITEID]	
	Jacob B	101		
	Ahmed J	103]	
	(1 Mark for writin	g correct output)		
33.			he records of patients in a hospital. Each	
55.		contains the follow		4
		of a patient		
	Disease	se		
		er of days patient i	is admitted	
	Amou	11 L		

For example, a sample record of the file may be : ["Gunjan", "Jaundice", 4, 15000] Write the following Python functions to perform the specified operations on this file : (i) (ii) Write a function read_data() which reads all the data from the file and displays the details of all the 'Cancer' patients. (ii) (iii) Write a function count_rea() which counts and returns the number of records in the file. Ans Ans (i) import csv def read_data(): F=open("P_record.csv", "r") Records=list(csv.reader(F)) for R in Records : for R in Records : if R[1]=="Cancer": print(R) F. close() (ii) def count_rec(): with open("P_record.csv", "r") as F: Records=list(csv.reader(F)) print(R) F. close() (iii) def opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for reading the records from csv file) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly) (ii) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records) 34. Assume that you a							-
 (i) Write a function read_data() which reads all the data from the file and displays the details of all the 'Cancer' patients. (ii) Write a function count_rec() which counts and returns the number of records in the file. Ans (i) import csv def read_data(): F=open("P_record.csv","r") Records=list(csv.reader(F)) for R in Records: if R[1]=="Cancer": print(R) F.close() (i) def count_rec(): with open("P_record.csv","r") as F: Records=list(csv.reader(F)) print(R) F.close() (i) (i) (ii) (if and for opening the csv file in correct mode) (if Mark for opening the records from csv file) (if Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly) (ii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iii) (iiii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iiii) (iiii) (iii) (iiii) (iii) (iiii) (iii) (iiii) (iii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiiii) (iiiii) (iiiiii) (iiiiiiii) (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii		["Gui Write	njan","Jaundio the following Py	ce",4,15000]	-	cified operatic	ons on
import csv def read_data(): F=open("P_record.csv","r") Records=list(csv.reader(F)) for R in Records : if[1]=="Cancer": print(R) F. close() (ii) (iii) def count_rec(): with open("P_record.csv","r") as F: Records=list(csv.reader(F)) for R in Records : if R[1]=="Cancer": print(R) F.close() (ii) (iii) def count_rec(): with open("P_record.csv","r") as F: Records=list(csv.reader(F)) print(len(Records)) (iii) ('/: Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) ('/: Mark for iteration of records) (iii) ('/: Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly) (iii) ('/: Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) ('/: Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records) 34. Assume that you are working in the IT Department of a Creative Art Gallery (CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc T		this fi	le :				
number of records in the file. Ans (i) import csv def read_data(): F=open("P_record.csv","r") Records=list(csv.reader(F)) for R in Records : if R[1]=="Cancer": print(R) F.close() (ii) def count_rec(): with open("P_record.csv","r") as F: Records=list(csv.reader(F)) print(len(Records)) (i) ('/'_ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) ('/_ Mark for reading the records from csv file) ('/_ Mark for reading the records from csv file) ('/_ Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly) (ii) ('/_ Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records) 34. Assume that you are working in the IT Department of a Creative Art Gallery (CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc. The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : Table : Articles 4x1 =4 Code Article DOC Price PL001 A0001 Painting 2018-10-19 20000		. ,		—			
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } & \mbox{import csv} \\ \mbox{def read_data():} & \mbox{F=open("P_record.csv", "r")} & \mbox{Records=list(csv.reader(F))} & \mbox{for R in Records:} & \mbox{if R[1]=="Cancer":} & \mbox{print(R)} & \mbox{F.close()} & \mbox{(ii)} & \mbox{def count_rec():} & \mbox{with open("P_record.csv", "r")} & \mbox{as F:} & \mbox{Records=list(csv.reader(F))} & \mbox{print(len(Records))} & \mbox{(ii)} & \mbox{def count_red():} & \mbox{with of opening the csv file in correct mode} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for iteration of records)} & \mbox{('i)} & \mbox{Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly)} & \mbox{(ii)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{(//2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{(//2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{(//2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{(//2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{(//2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{(//2 Mark for reading the records from csv file)} & \mbox{(//2 Mark for reading the records from thest wo tables of a Creative Art Gallery} & \mbox{(CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculpture setc. The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : Table : Articles & \hlinembox{Code} & \mbox{Articles} & \hlinembox{Doc} & \mbox{Price} & \hlinembox{Plo01} & \mbox{A0001} & \mbox{Painting} & \mbox{2018-10-19} & \mbox{20000} & \hline \mbox{SC028} & \mbox{A0004} & \mbox{Sculpture} & \mbox{2021-01-15} & \mbox{16000} & \hline \end{tabulk} & Arti$				—	vhich counts and	returns the	
def read data(): F=open("P_record.csv", "r") Records=list(csv.reader(F)) for R in Records : if R[1]=="Cancer": print(R) F.close()(ii) (iii) def count_rec(): with open("P_record.csv", "r") as F: Records=list(csv.reader(F)) print(len(Records))(i) ('/2 Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) ('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) ('/2 Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly)(ii) ('/2 Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) ('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) ('/2 Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly)(ii) ('/2 Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) ('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) ('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) ('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) ('/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) (/1 Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records)34.Assume that you are working in the IT Department of a Creative Art Gallery (CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc. The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : Table : Articles4x1 =4Example 1 Aloo01 Fainting2018-10-19 20000 20000 2028 201012019 20101	Ans	(i)					
Records=list(csv.reader(F)) print(len(Records)) (i) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for reading the records from csv file) (½ Mark for iteration of records) (½ Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly) (ii) (½ Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly) (ii) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for reading the records from csv file) (1 Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records) 4x1 34. Assume that you are working in the IT Department of a Creative Art Gallery (CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc. The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : Table : Articles 4x1 Code A_Code Article DOC Price PL001 A0001 Painting 2018-10-19 20000 5028 A0004 Sculpture 2021-01-15 16000		def F R f (ii) def	<pre>read_data(): =open("P_reco ecords=list(c or R in Recor if R[1]=="Ca print(R) .close() count_rec():</pre>	sv.reader(F)) ds : ncer":	") as F:		
print (len (Records))(i) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for reading the records from csv file) (½ Mark for iteration of records) (½ Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly)(ii) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for reading the records from csv file) (1 Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records)34.Assume that you are working in the IT Department of a Creative Art Gallery (CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc. The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : Table : Articles4x1 =4CodeA_CodeArticleDOCPricePL001A0001Painting2018-10-1920000SC028A0004Sculpture2021-01-1516000		W.					
(i) (i) (1/2 Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (1/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) (1/2 Mark for iteration of records) (1/2 Mark for iteration of records) (1/2 Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly) (ii) (1/2 Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (1/2 Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (1/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) (1/2 Mark for reading the records from csv file) (1/2 Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records) 4x1 34. Assume that you are working in the IT Department of a Creative Art Gallery (CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc. =4 The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : =4 Table : Articles Code A_Code Article DOC Price PL001 A0001 Painting 2018-10-19 20000 \$ SC028 A0004 Sculpture 2021-01-15 16000 \$,,		
(½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for reading the records from csv file) (½ Mark for iteration of records) (½ Mark for checking and displaying the matched records correctly)(ii) (½ Mark for opening the csv file in correct mode) (½ Mark for reading the records from csv file) (1 Mark for finding/counting & displaying the number of records)34.Assume that you are working in the IT Department of a Creative Art Gallery (CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc. The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : Table : Articles4x1 =4CodeA_CodeArticleDOCPricePL001A0001Painting2018-10-1920000SC028A0004Sculpture2021-01-1516000			princ (ren (ke	corus))			
(CAG), which sells different forms of art creations like Paintings, Sculptures etc.=4The data of Art Creations and Artists are kept in tables Articles and Artists respectively. Following are few records from these two tables : Table : Articles=4CodeA_CodeArticleDOCPricePL001A0001Painting2018-10-1920000SC028A0004Sculpture2021-01-1516000		(¹ / ₂ Mark f (¹ / ₂ Mark f	for reading the r or iteration of re or checking and o or opening the c for reading the r	ecords from csv ecords) displaying the m sv file in correct ecords from csv	file) atched records c mode) file)		
Code A_Code Article DOC Price PL001 A0001 Painting 2018-10-19 20000 SC028 A0004 Sculpture 2021-01-15 16000	34.	(CAG), wh The data	nich sells different of Art Creations a	t forms of art cre nd Artists are kep few records from	ations like Paintin ot in tables Articl e these two tables	es and Artists	
PL001 A0001 Painting 2018-10-19 20000 SC028 A0004 Sculpture 2021-01-15 16000		Codo	A Codo			Prico	
SC028 A0004 Sculpture 2021-01-15 16000			-				
QL005 A0003 Quilling 2024-04-24 3000		SC028	A0004	Sculpture	2021-01-15	16000	
		QL005	A0003	Quilling	2024-04-24	3000	

			Table	: Artists		
	A_Code	Name	Phone	Email	DOB	
	A0001	Roy	595923	r@CrAG.com	1986-10-12	
	A0002	Ghosh	1122334	ghosh@CrAG.com	1972-02-05	
	A0003	Gargi	121212	Gargi@CrAG.com	1996-03-22	
	A0004	Mustafa	33333333	Mf@CrAg.com	2000-01-01	
	 Note : The tables contain many more records than shown here. DOC is Date of Creation of an Article. As an employee of CAG, you are required to write the SQL queries for the following : (i) To display all the records from the Articles table in descending order of price. (ii) To display the details of Articles which were created in the year 2020. (iii) To display the structure of Artists table. (iv) (a) To display the name of all Artists whose Article is 					
	Painting through Equi Join. OR (b) To display the name of all Artists whose Article is 'Painting' through Natural Join.					
ns (F * FROM A BY PRICE	rticles			
I `	(1/2 Mark for SELECT * FROM Articles or similar) (1/2 Mark for ORDER BY PRICE DESC)					
	<pre>(ii) SELECT * FROM Articles WHERE DOC LIKE '2020%'; OR SELECT * FROM Articles WHERE DOC>='2020-01-01' AND DOC<='2020-12-31'; OR SELECT * FROM Articles WHERE DOC BETWEEN '2020-01-01' AND '2020-12-31';</pre>					
				1-01' AND '2020-1	2-31';	
I `	WHERE	E DOC BETW	EEN '2020-0 FROM Artic	1-01' AND '2020-1 les or similar) 0%' OR any other corr		

	$(\frac{1}{2}$ Mark for DESC)				
	(1/2 Mark for mention	ning Artists after D	ESC)		
	<pre>(iv) (a) SELECT Name FROM Articles A1, Artists A2 WHERE A1.A_code = A2.A_code AND Article='Painting'; OR Any other equivalent SQL statement (½ Mark for SELECT Name FROM Articles A1, Artists A2 or similar) (½ Mark for WHERE A1.A_code = A2.A_code AND Article='Painting';) OR (b) SELECT Name FROM Articles NATURAL JOIN Artists WHERE Article = 'Painting'; OR Any other equivalent SQL statement</pre>				
	Any other equ	ivalent SQL stateme	ent		
	(½ Mark for selectin (½ Mark for correct	• ·	bles) correctly using join option)		
35.	Fields	Туре	abase, has the following structure :	4	
	Th_ID	char(5)			
	Name	varchar(15)			
	City	varchar(15)			
	Location	varchar(15)			
	Seats	int			
	Write a function Delete_Theatre(), to input the value of Th_ID from the user and permanently delete the corresponding record from the table. Assume the following for Python-Database connectivity : Host : localhost, User : root, Password : Ex2025				
Ans					

	OR	
	import pymysql as pm # OR import mysql.	connector as pm
	def Delete Theatre():	
	Mydb=pm.connect(host = 'localhost',	
	user = 'root', password = 'Ex2025', data	pase = 'CINEMA')
	MyCursor = Mydb.cursor()	
	TID = input("Theatre ID:")	
	Query = "DELETE FROM Theatre WHERE Th ID=	=%s"
	Data=(TID,)	
	MyCursor.execute(Query, Data)	
	Mydb.commit()	
	Mydb.close()	
	OR	
	any equivalent valid code	
	(1 Mark for creating correct connectivity)	
	(1 Mark for creating the cursor)	
	(1 Mark for correct formation of Query)	
	(1/2 Mark for correct execution of the query)	
	(1/2 Mark for correctly using commit())	
	Note: (½ Mark for importing correct module, if the marks al	
	SECTION E	(2x5=10)
36.	A file, PASSENGERS.DAT , stores the records of pa following structure :	ssengers using the 5
	[PNR, PName, BRDSTN, DESTN, FARE]	
	where :	
	PNR - Passenger Number (string t	ype)
	PName - Passenger Name (string type	e)
	BRDSTN - Boarding Station Name (str.	
	DESTN - Destination Station Name (
	FARE - Fare amount for the journey	
	Write user defined functions in Python for the follow	
		•
	 (i) Create() – to input data for passengers a file PASSENGERS.DAT. 	nd write it in the binary
	(ii) SearchDestn(D) -to read contents from th and display the details of those Passengers with the value of D.	
	(iii) UpdateFare() - to increase the fare of a	Il passangers by 5% and

```
Ans
    (i)
        import pickle
        def Create():
             F=open("PASSENGERS.DAT", "wb")
             PNR=input("PNR No:")
             PName=input("Name: ")
             BRDSTN=input("Boarding at: ")
             DESTN=input("Destination: ")
             FARE=float(input("Fare: "))
             Rec=[PNR, PName, BRDSTN, DESTN, FARE]
             pickle.dump(Rec,F)
             F.close()
       OR
          def Create():
             F=open("PASSENGERS.DAT", "wb")
             REC = [1]
             while True:
               PNR=input("PNR No:")
               PName=input("Name: ")
               BRDSTN=input("Boarding at: ")
               DESTN=input("Destination: ")
               FARE=float(input("Fare: "))
               Rec.append([PNR, PName, BRDSTN, DESTN, FARE])
               C=input("More(Y/N)?")
               if C == 'N':
                 break
             pickle.dump(Rec,F)
             F.close()
       OR
         Any other equivalent code
     (ii)
        def SearchDestn(D):
           try:
                                       # To be ignored
             F=open("PASSENGERS.DAT", "rb")
             Rec=pickle.load(F)
             for R in Rec:
               if R[3]==D;
                print(R)
             F.close()
                                       # To be ignored
           except:
            print("File not found!") # To be ignored
       OR
       def SearchDestn(D):
          F=open("PASSENGERS.DAT", "rb")
          try:
            while True:
               Rec=pickle.load(F)
               if Rec[3]==D;
                  print(Rec)
```

```
except EOFError:
         print("EOF reached")
      F.close()
 (iii)
   def UpdateFare():
      try:
         FR=open("PASSENGERS.DAT", "rb+")
         Rec=pickle.load(FR)
         for I in range(len(Rec)):
           Rec[I][4] += (Rec[I][4] * 0.05)
           # Rec[I][4]=Rec[I][4] * 1.05)
        print("Updation Done!")
         F.seek(0)
        pickle.dump(Rec, FR)
         FR.Close()
      except:
        print("File not found!")
  OR
    def UpdateFare():
      FR=open("PASSENGERS.DAT", "rb")
      Rec=[]
       try:
         while True:
           R=pickle.load(FR)
           Rec.append(R)
      except:
         FR.close()
      for I in range(len(Rec)):
         Rec[I][4] = Rec[I][4] + (Rec[I][4] * 0.05)
         # Rec[I][4]=Rec[I][4] * 1.05)
      FP=open("PASSENGERS.DAT", "wb")
      pickle.dump(Rec, FP)
      FP.Close()
  OR
    Any other equivalent code
(i)
     (1/2 Mark for opening the file in correct mode)
     (1/2 Mark for accepting from user/writing on file)
(ii)
     (\frac{1}{2} Mark for opening the file in correct mode)
     (\frac{1}{2} Mark for reading each record)
     (1/2 Mark for correctly checking the condition)
     (\frac{1}{2} Mark for correctly printing the details of passengers)
```

 (iii) (½ Mark for openin (½ Mark for readin (½ Mark for correc (½ Mark for writin 'Swabhaav' is a big NGO Counselling, having its He Vijayawada. The Vijayawa PSYCHOLOGY, and ICU. N network-related solutions 	ng data) (tly modifying the g the modified f working in the had Office in Nag ada Center will f (ou, as a Netwo for them to reso	ne Fare) Fare in the Bi field of Psych pur. It is plann have four bloo ork Expert, ne plve the issues	nological Treatment and ning to set up a center in cks -ADMIN, PSYCHIATRY, eed to suggest the best s/problems mentioned in	5:	
questions (i) to (v), keepir Vijayawada Center —	AI B	DMIN lock HIATRY lock	PSYCHOLOGY Block ICU Block		
Block to Block distances (in metres) :					
From	To PSYCHIATRY	Distan 65 m			
ADMIN	PSYCHOLOGY	65 m			
ADMIN	ICU	65 m			
PSYCHIATRY	PSYCHOLOGY	100 m			
PSYCHIATRY	ICU	50 m			
PSYCHOLOGY	ICU	50 m			
Distance of Nagpur Head Office from Vijayawada Center = 700 km Number of Computers in each block is as follows : Block No. of Computers					
ADMIN	16				
PSYCHIATRY	40				
PSYCHOLOGY	19				

г — г						
	(i)	Suggest the most appropriate location of the server inside the Vijayawada Center. Justify your choice.				
	(ii)	Which hardware device will you suggest to connect all the computers within each block of Vijayawada Center ?				
	(iii)	(iii) Draw a cable layout to efficiently connect various blocks within the Vijayawada Center.				
	(iv) Where should the router be placed to provide internet to all the computers in the Vijayawada Center?					
	(v) (a) The Manager at Nagpur wants to remotely access the computer in Admin block in Vijayawada. Which protocol will be used for this ? OR					
	(b) Which type of Network (PAN, LAN, MAN or WAN) will be se among the computers connected with Vijayawada Center ?					
Ans	(i) DO	ROUTE TROUBLE AS it has the maximum number of Computers				
	YCHIATRY Block as it has the maximum number of Computers.					
	OR ADMIN Block as is generally the most secure. OR ADMIN Block as is closest to all the blocks. OR Any other location with valid justification. (1 Mark for suggesting a block with valid justification)					
	(ii) Switch/Hub/Router (Any one) (1 Mark for writing correct answer)					
	(iii)					
		DMIN lock Block				
		CHIATRY ICU lock Block				
	OR					
		DMIN lock Block				
	PSYC					
		lock Block				
	OR					

ADMIN Block PSYCHOLOGY Block PSYCHIATRY Block ICU Block			
OR			
Any other valid efficient cable layout			
(1 Mark for drawing the correct cable layout)			
(iv) Router should be placed where the server is placed.			
Note:			
As per the recent network technologies, Router can be connected in any of the			
blocks as all the blocks are networked. So, the marks should be awarde			
accordingly.			
(1 Mark for writing the correct answer)			
(V)			
(a) TELNET			
OR			
(b) LAN or MAN or WAN (Not PAN)			
(a) (1 Mark for writing the correct answer)			
OR			
(b) (1 Mark for writing the correct answer)			